

High Biomass Energy Crops for U.S. Energy Security



VISIONS for BIOFUEL PRODUCTION:

“Energy Sorghum” Hybrids:

- Available NOW
- Non-GMO
- Seed-based high-yielding
- Lignocellulosic- and/or sugar-based

“SorCanes”:

- 2 suites of new crops, created by novel “wide hybridization” technology (non-GMO):
 - 1.Clone-based (cane) planting / near-term
 - 2.Seed-based planting / mid-term

PROJECT GOALS:

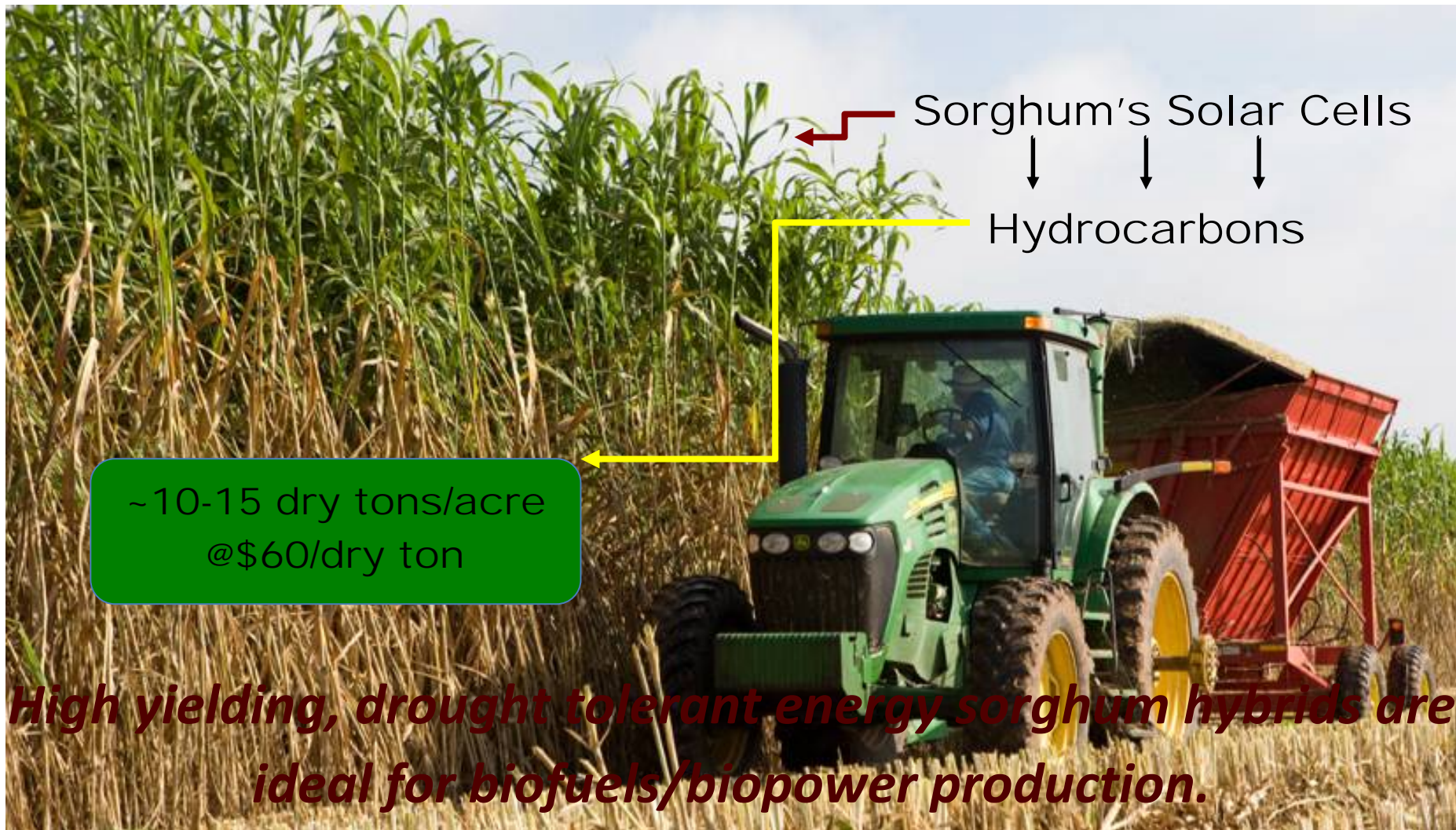
1. Optimize production of *existing* energy sorghum hybrids in locations of national security importance.
2. Produce next generation energy sorghum hybrids with higher biomass yield and improved composition for biofuels production.
3. Create new energy crops using novel wide-hybridization technology that enables sorghum to be crossed to cane and other energy grasses.

GOAL 1: Optimize production of energy sorghum hybrids in locations of national security importance.

Deliverable: Energy sorghum hybrid production and economic assessment in three locations of national security importance using optimized crop management practices and harvest logistics.

Metric: 10-15 dry tons of lignocellulosic biomass produced per acre per year delivered to biorefineries at ~\$60/dT providing ~75% GHG offset for biofuels or ~95% for biopower

Energy Sorghum (2008)



Level

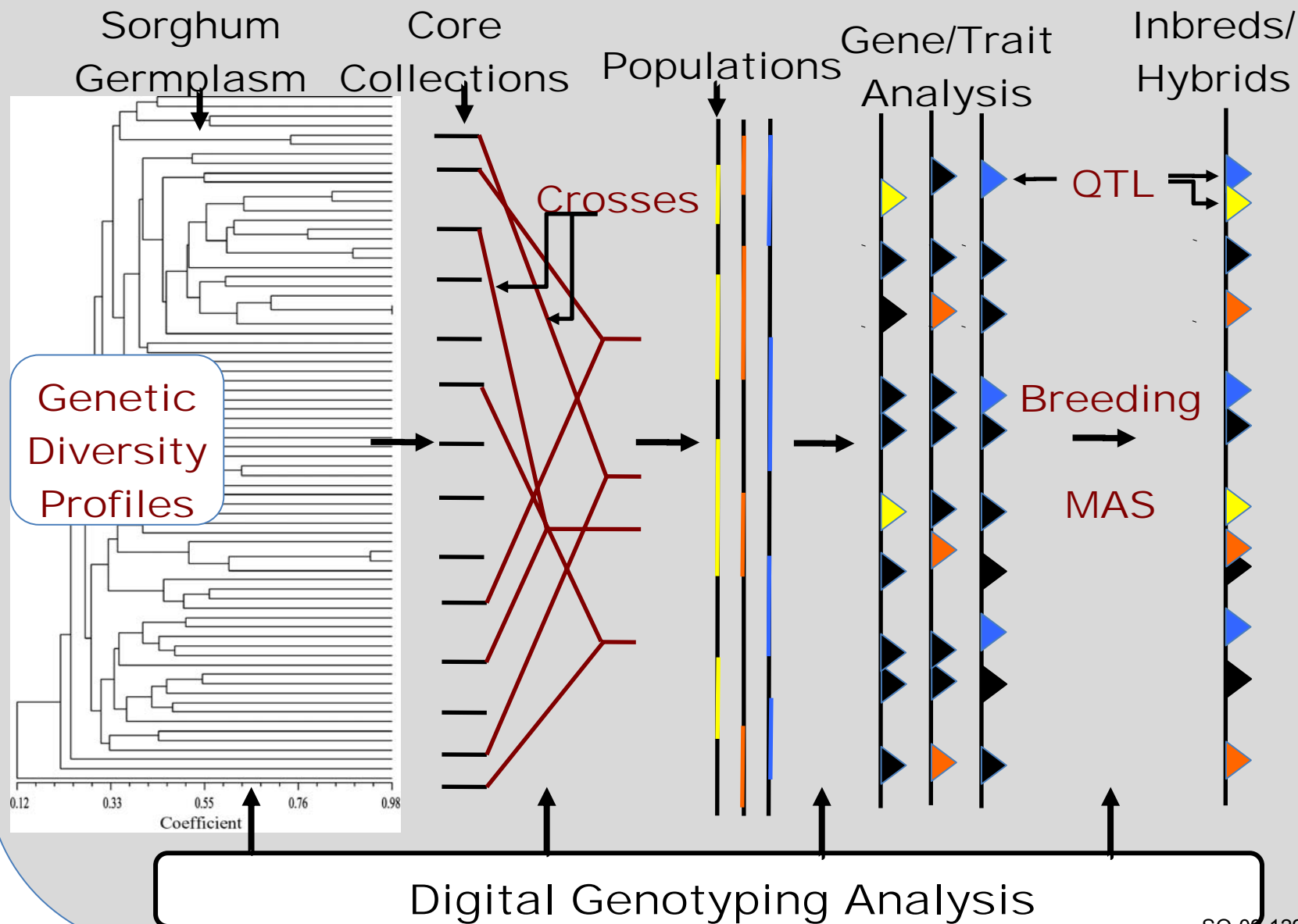
SO-09-129 Hammond
TAMUS--00484

GOAL 2: Produce next generation energy sorghum hybrids with higher biomass yield and improved composition for biofuels production.

Deliverable: Energy sorghum hybrids with increased biomass yield and improved composition designed using an integrated genomics-to-breeding technology platform.

Metric: Energy sorghum hybrids yielding 15-20 dT/acre under good conditions with improved biomass composition that increases the yield of biofuels per dry ton.

Genomics-to-Breeding Platform



GOAL 3: Create novel energy crops using wide hybridization technology that enables sorghum to be crossed to cane and other energy grasses.

Deliverable: Novel wide-hybrid sorcane energy crops propagated vegetatively and/or through seed production and an understanding of the genetic basis of wide hybridization.

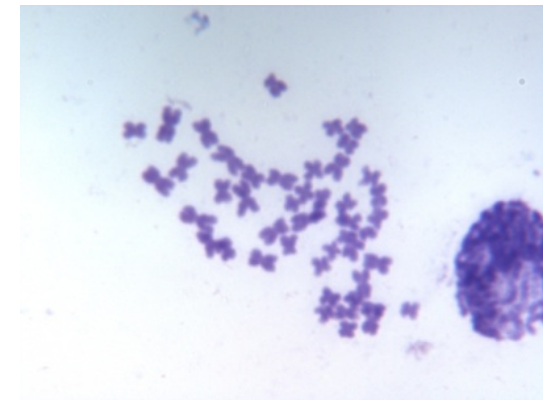
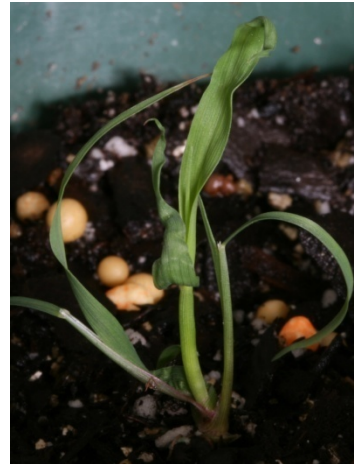
Metrics: [1] Totally new wide-hybrid energy crops with high yield and will be generated, and [2] Methods for mass-producing wide hybrid seed will be developed.

Sorghum X Sugarcane (2006-2008)

Sorghum X Cane Crosses



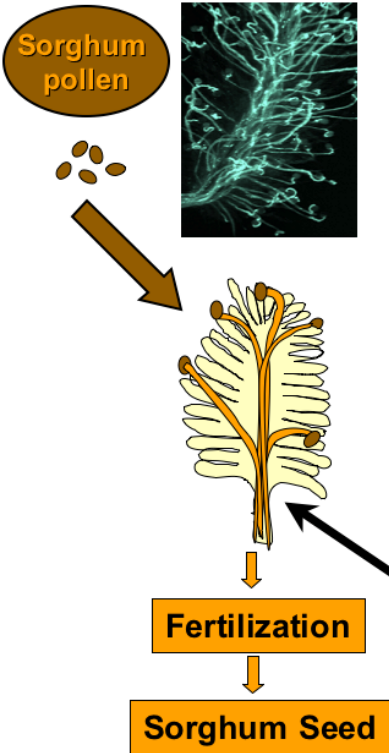
Sorcane



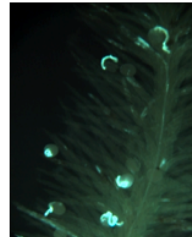
SUCCESS!!!

Normal Sorghum as Seed Parent

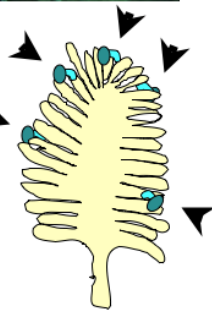
Natural self-pollination



Normal sorghum stigmas



Short cane pollen tubes (incompatible)

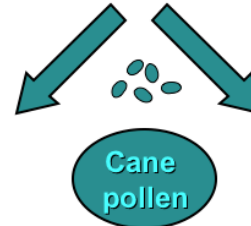


(Sterile)

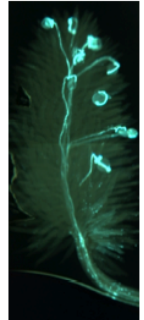
Long sorghum pollen tubes (compatible)

TAMUS "Promiscuous" Sorghum as Seed Parent

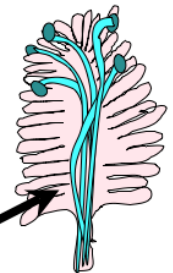
"Controlled wide-crosses" (cross-pollinations)



"Promiscuous" sorghum stigma



Long cane pollen tubes (compatible)



Fertilization

SOR-CANE Hybrid Seed

GOAL 3: Create novel energy crops using wide hybridization technology.

Deliverables:

- Ability to create & screen 1000s of *Sorghum/Saccharum* hybrids (SorCanes).
- Chromosome- [REDACTED]
- Evaluation of initial wide-hybrids
- Improved [REDACTED] Creating better *SorCanes*

GOAL 3: Create novel energy crops using wide hybridization technology.

Metrics:

- Create & screen 1000s of *Sorghum/Saccharum* hybrids; select top ~1% (30-50) and ~10% (300-500) “cuts”.
- Sorghum/Sorghum crosses to improve [REDACTED]
- Chromosome-[REDACTED]
- Evaluation of initial wave of wide-hybrids
- Creation of improved wide-hybrids using improved parents and parental combinations

Two Synergistic Pipelines for Energy Crop Development

